Windows Command Line (CMD) vs. Mac OS Terminal

Common navigation commands

This is a comparison list of common commands to navigate file-systems using the command line or the terminal. More comprehensive lists can be found on the web.

Windows CMD	Task	Mac OS Terminal
dir	List files and folders	ls
cd	Full path of current folder/directory	pwd
cd <path directory="" to=""></path>	Change folder/directory	cd <path directory="" to=""></path>
cd	One directory up in directory tree	cd
cd	Move to root directory	cd /
mkdir newFolder	Create new directory in current directory	mkdir myFolder
echo some-text > fileName(.txt)	Create new file	<pre>cat > fileName(.txt)</pre>
rmdir myFolder	Remove a directory*	rmdir myFolder
ren oldFolderName newFolderName	Rename a directory	mv oldFolderName newFolderName
<pre>robocopy myFolder <path destination="" directory="" to=""></path></pre>	Copy a directory	cp -r myFolder <path destination="" directory="" to=""></path>
move myFolder <path destination="" directory="" to=""></path>	Move a directory	mv myFolder <path destination="" directory="" to=""></path>
del myFile	Remove a file*	rm myFile
ren oldFileName newFileName	Rename a file	mv oldFileName newFileName
<pre>copy myFile <path destination="" directory="" to=""></path></pre>	Copy a file	<pre>cp myFile <path destination="" directory="" to=""></path></pre>
move myFile <path destination="" directory="" to=""></path>	Move a file	mv myFile <path destination="" directory="" to=""></path>
cls	Clear the terminal screen	clear

^{*}IMPORTANT: Remove/Delete command DOES NOT ask for confirmation.

Windows CMD	Task	Mac OS Terminal
type	Concatenate and print a file	cat
type C://myFile.txt find "" /v /c	Count lines in a file	wc -l myFile(.txt)